

Ozone Formation in the Austin Area

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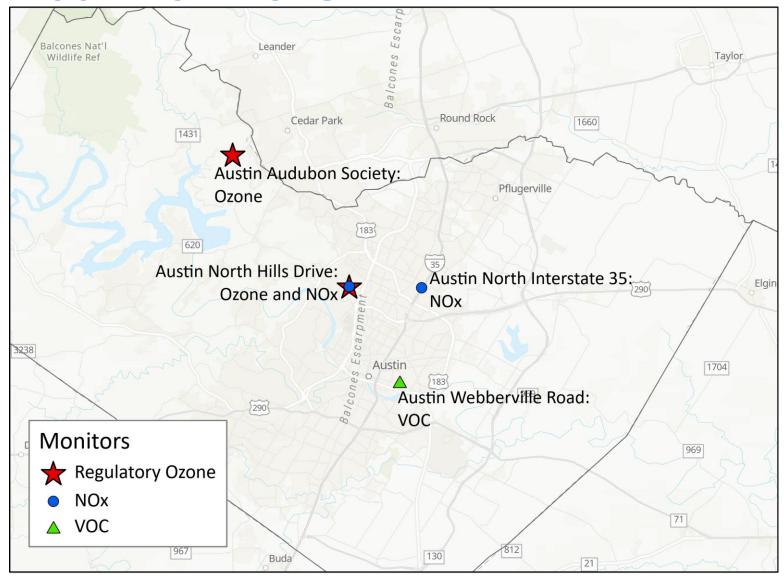
August 10, 2023

Ozone Formation in the Austin Area: Topics

- Currently, all Austin monitors meet attainment for the 2015 eight-hour ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) of 70 ppb.
- The following topics were investigated to determine causes of ozone formation in the Austin area:
 - Concentrations & trends;
 - Ozone precursors
 - Ozone chemistry; and
 - Meteorology and its affect on ozone.
- Analysis uses ten years of data: 2013 through 2022.
- Analysis uses May through October to represent the ozone season in the Austin area.



Austin Area Monitors

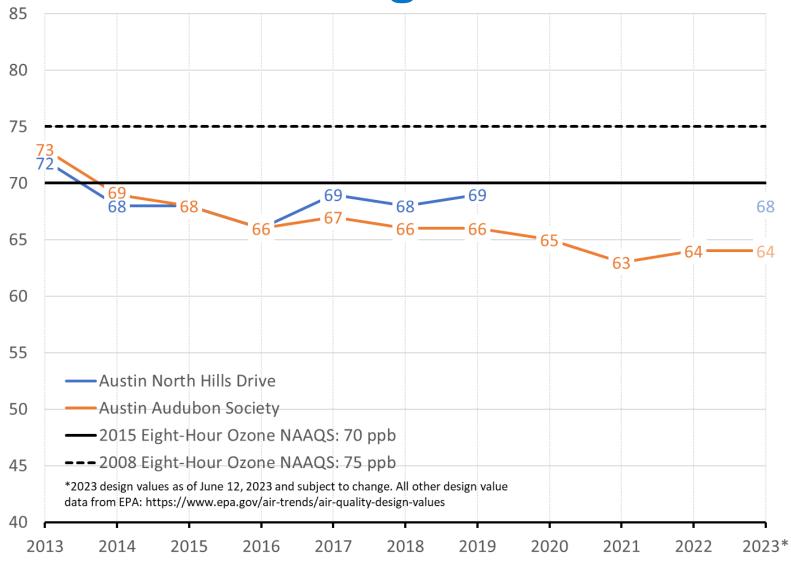




Ozone Concentrations and Trends

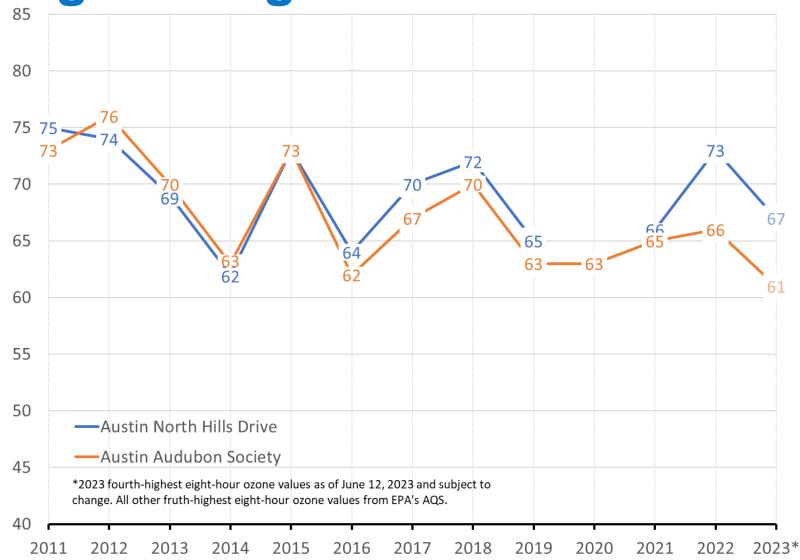


Eight-Hour Ozone Design Values



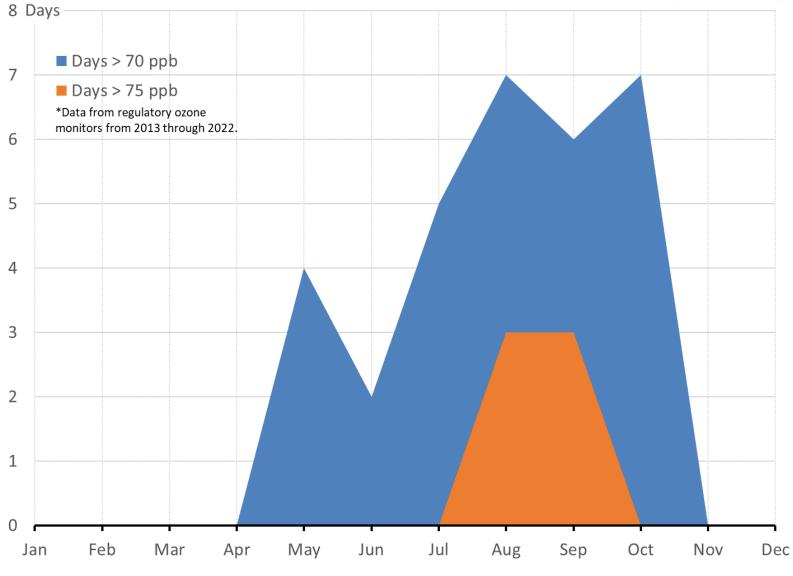


Fourth-Highest Eight-Hour Ozone Values



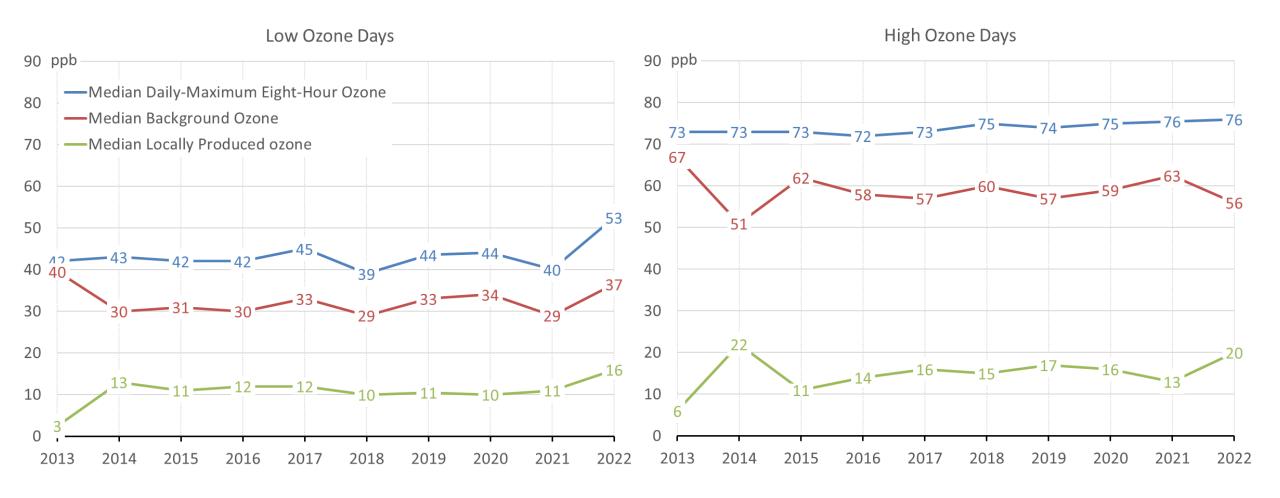


Eight-Hour Ozone Exceedance Days by Month





Ozone Season Regional Background Ozone

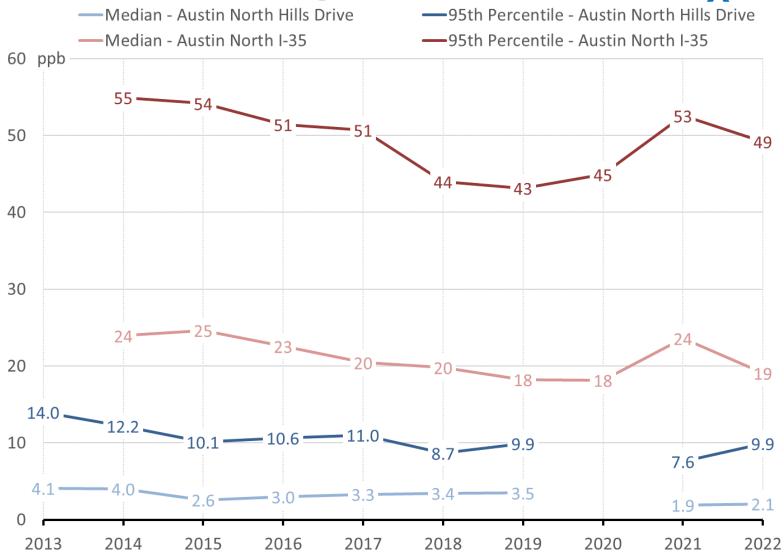




Ozone Precursor Concentrations and Trends

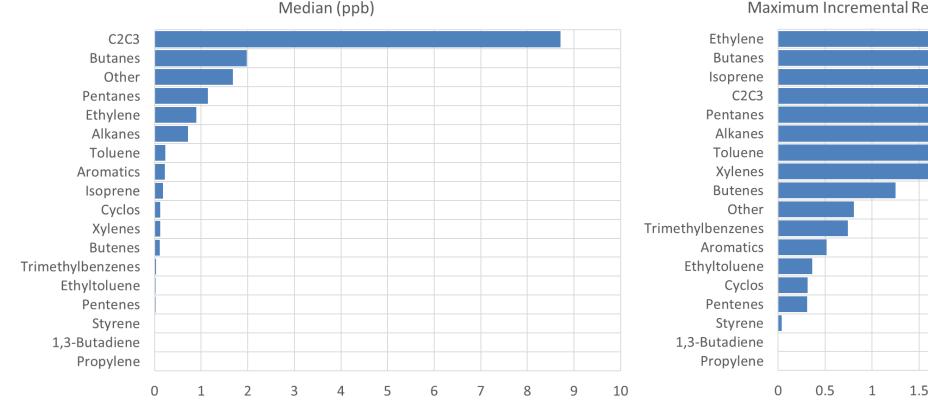


Ozone Season Nitrogen Oxides (NO_X) Trends

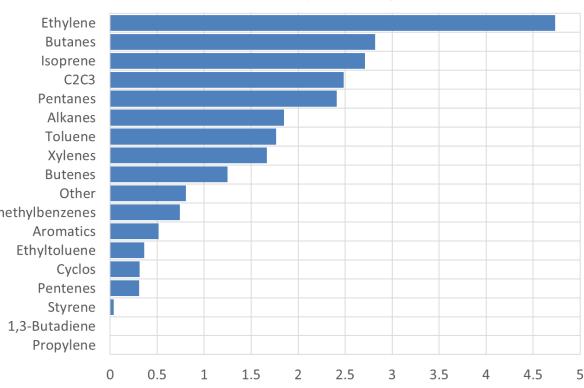




Ozone Season Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Composition at Austin Webberville Rd



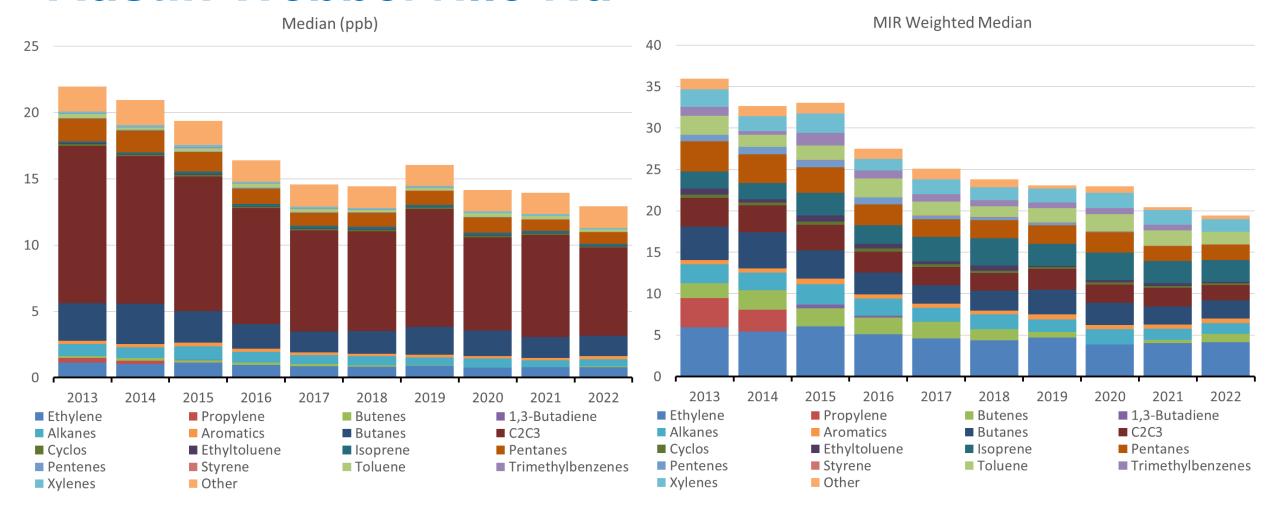
Maximum Incremental Reactivity (MIR) Weighted Median



*Data from 2013 through 2022.

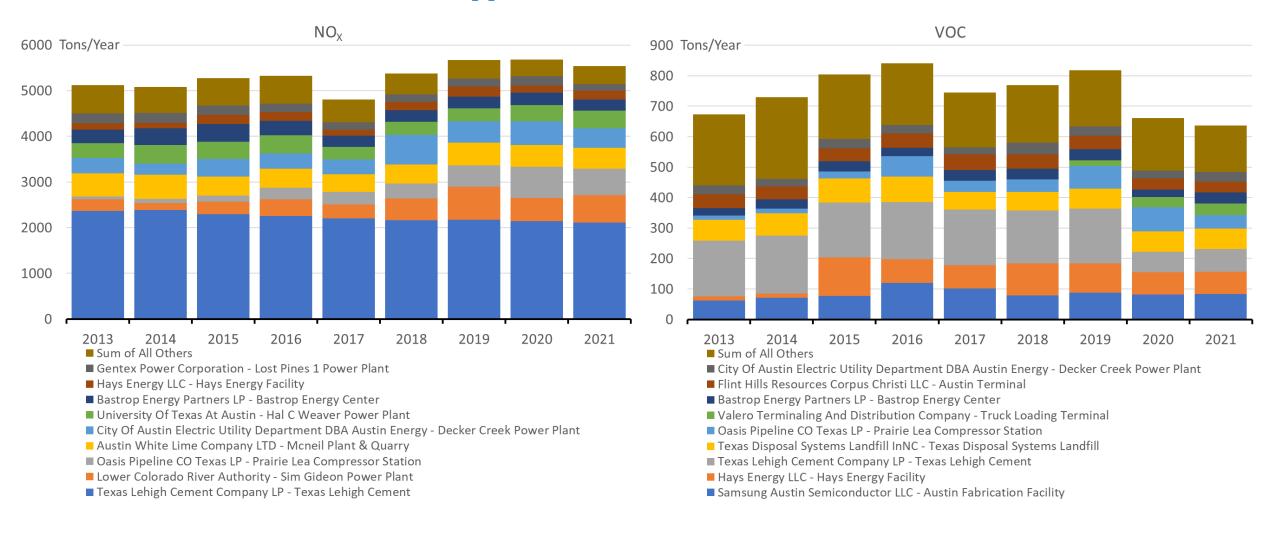


Ozone Season Speciated VOC Trends at Austin Webberville Rd



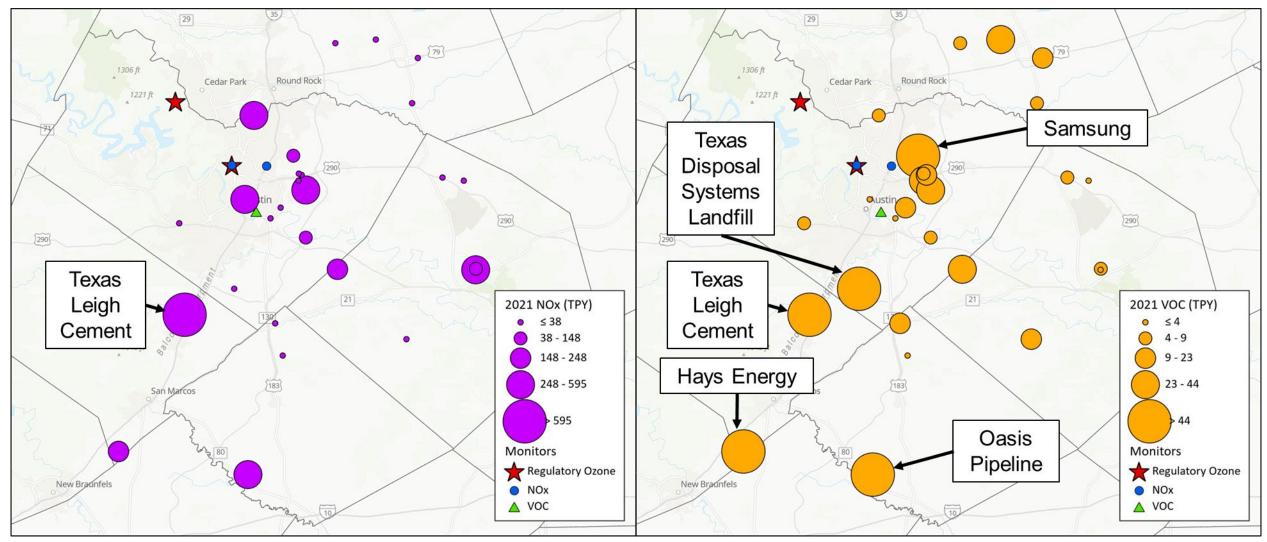


Point Source NO_X and VOC Emissions





2021 Point Source NO_X and VOC Emissions

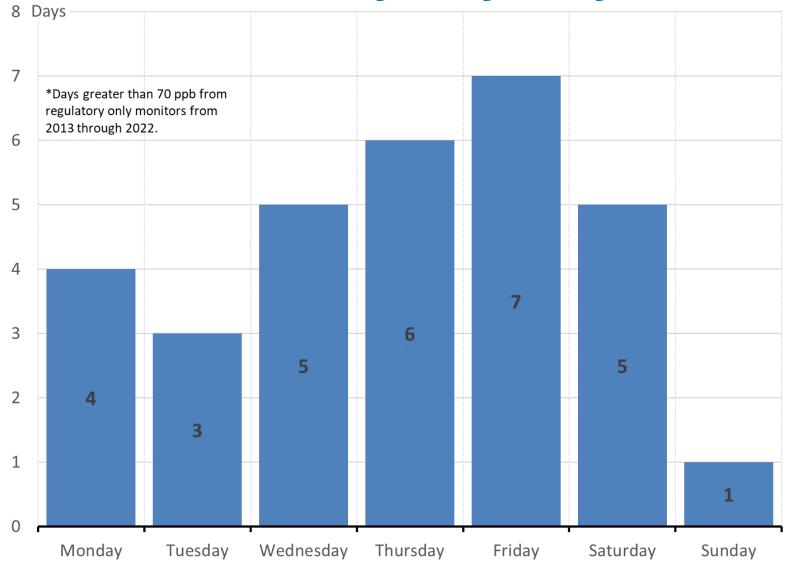




Temporal Profiles/Ozone Chemistry

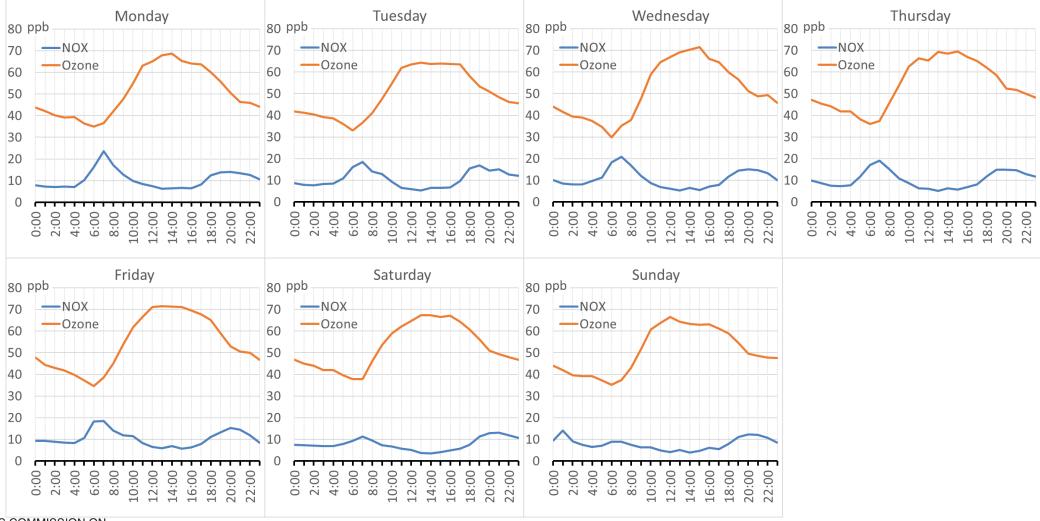


Ozone Exceedance Days by Day of the Week





95th Percentile One-Hour Ozone and NO_X at Austin North Hills Drive from 2013 - 2022



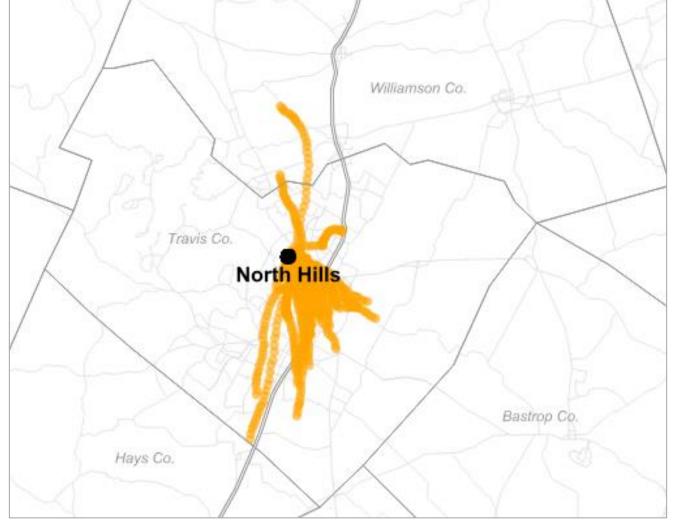


Meteorology and its Affect on Ozone



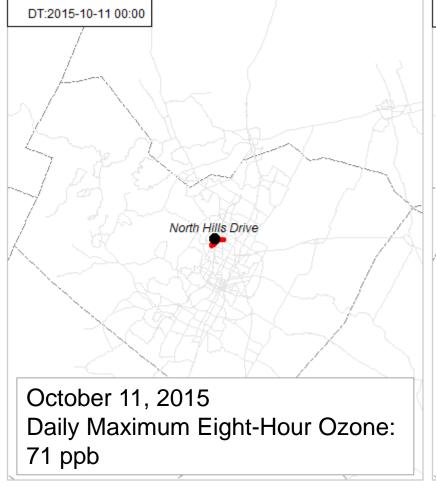
Surface-Level Winds on Ozone Exceedance

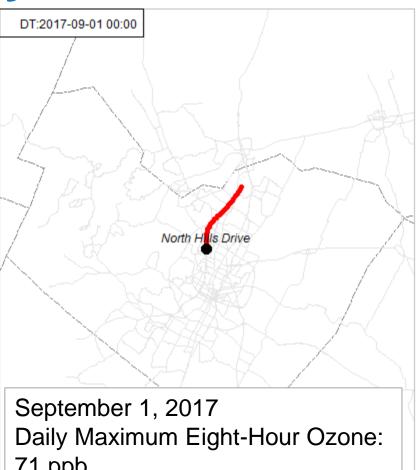
Days from 2013 – 2022

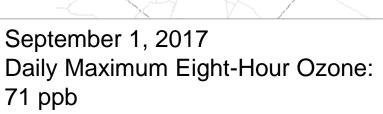


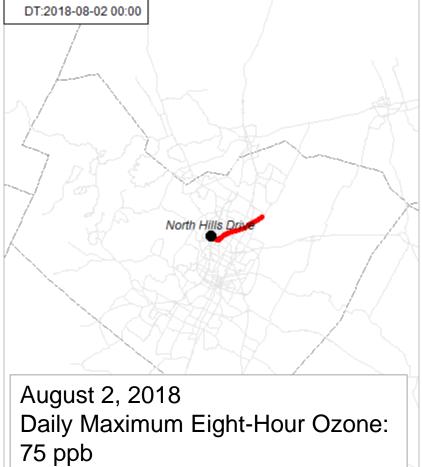


Surface-Level Winds on Select Ozone Exceedance Days



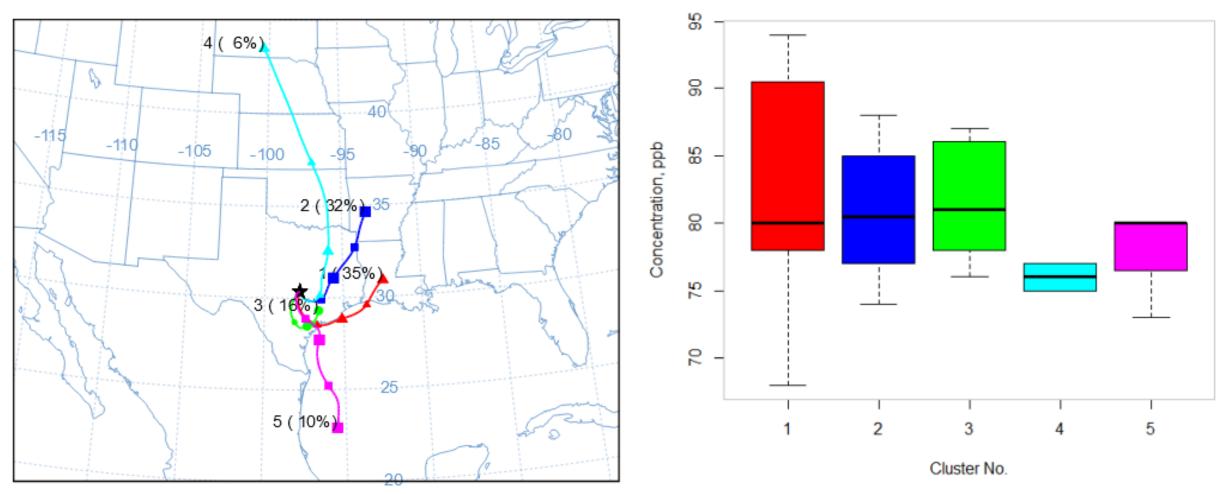






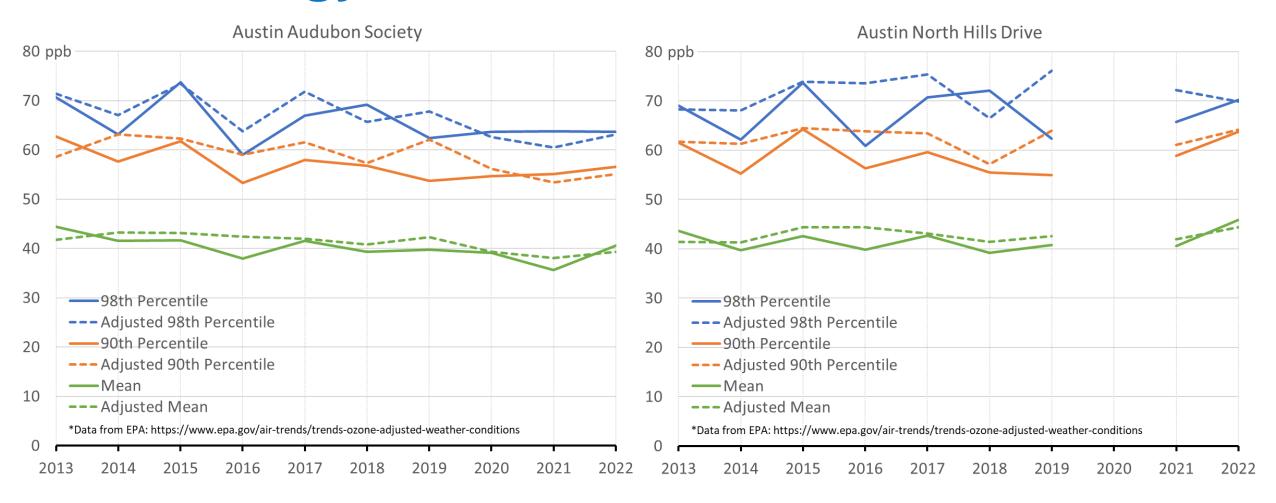


HYSPLIT Clusters on Ozone Exceedance Days at Austin North Hills Drive from 2013 – 2022





Ozone Season Trends Adjusted for Meteorology





Summary of Ozone Formation in the Austin Area

- Eight-hour ozone design value trends decreased and remain below the 2015 eight-hour ozone NAAQS of 70 ppb.
- Austin Audubon Society has larger ozone decreases compared to Austin North Hills Drive.
- Ozone formation peaks in May and then again from July through October, with a "mid-summer minimum" occurring in June.
- Concentrations of NO_X and VOC are decreasing, but NO_X emissions from point sources has increased.



Summary of Ozone Formation in the Austin Area

- High ozone typically occurs on hot sunny days with dry conditions and slow winds out of the south to southeast.
- Emissions located south and southeast of the area combine with urban mobile emissions to create ozone and slow winds transport it to the monitors located in the northwest.
- These conditions also create high levels of regional background ozone, which accounts for about 75% of the area's ozone concentrations.
- The air mass appears to be NO_X limited, meaning NO_X controls may be more effective in reducing ozone compared to VOC.



Questions?

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