2022 Air Quality Update for the Austin-Round Rock-Georgetown MSA

Clean Air Force of Central Texas' Air Quality Professional's Forum

April 5, 2022



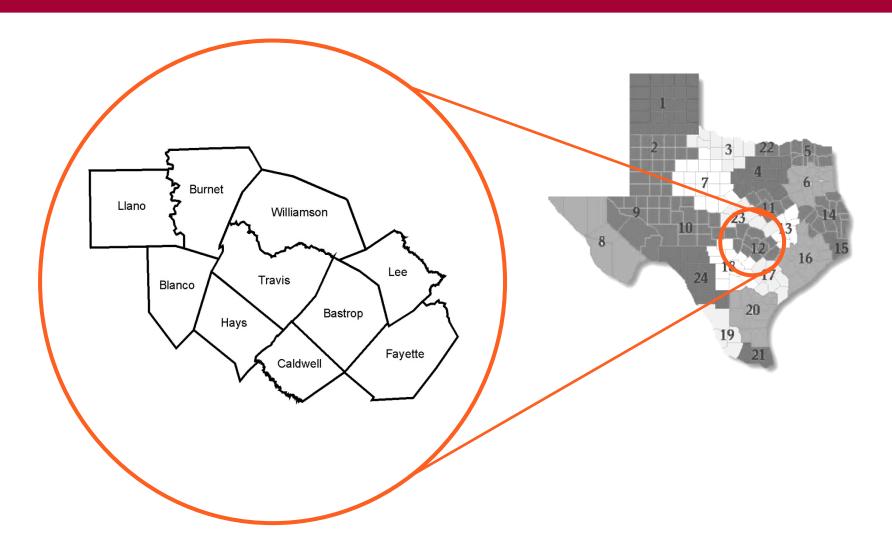
CAPCOG – Regional Planning Commission in Statute; more often called a COG.



- Emergency Communications 9-1-1
- Area Agency on Aging/Aging & Disability Resource Center
- Homeland Security Planning & Training
- Regional Law Enforcement Academy
- Air Quality Planning
- Solid Waste Planning
- Economic Development Analysis & Technical Assistance
- Transportation Planning

Ten – county service area; State of Texas planning region 12





CAPCOG Executive Committee



Chair

Mayor Brandt Rydell City of Taylor

First Vice Chair

Judge James Oakley Burnet County

Second Vice Chair

Mayor Lew White City of Lockhart

Secretary

Commissioner Debbie Ingalsbe Hays County

Parliamentarian

Mayor Jane Hughson City of San Marcos

Immediate Past Chair

Judge Paul Pape Bastrop County Council Member Matthew Baker City of Round Rock

Commissioner Russ Boles Williamson County

Judge Brett Bray Blanco County

Council Member Janice Bruno City of Smithville

Judge Ron Cunningham Llano County

Commissioner Joe Don Dockery Burnet County

Judge Hoppy Haden Caldwell County Council Member Kevin Hight City of Bee Cave

Commissioner Ann Howard Travis County

Council Member Mackenzie Kelly City of Austin

Commissioner Steven Knobloch Lee County

Commissioner Cynthia Long Williamson County

Council Member Esme Mattke Longoria City of Leander

Mayor Pro Tem Lyle Nelson City of Bastrop Mayor Pro Tem Kevin Pitts City of Georgetown

Commissioner Brigid Shea Travis County

Mayor Lee Urbanovsky City of Buda

Judge Joe Weber Fayette County

Mayor Pro Tem Doug Weiss City of Pflugerville State Representative John Cyrier

State Representative Celia Israel

State Representative Terry Wilson

State Representative Erin Zwiener

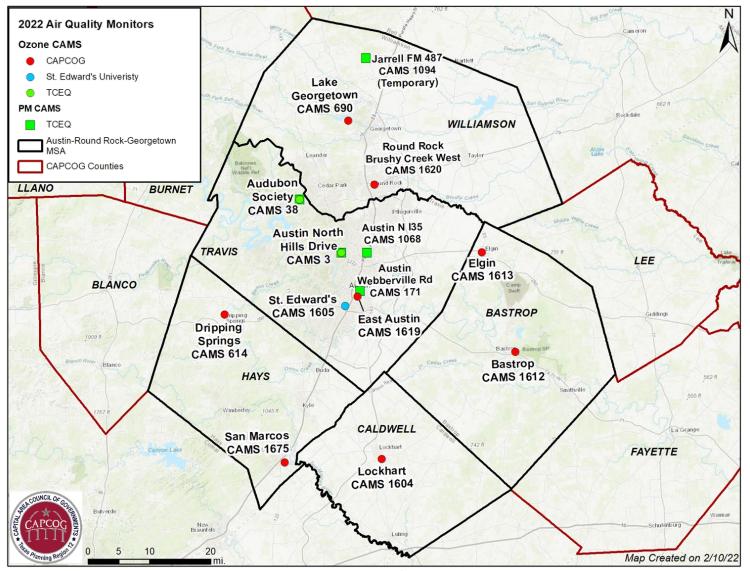
Overview



- Focus on Ozone (O_3) and Fine Particulate Matter $(PM_{2.5})$ as those are the two pollutants of concern to the Austin-Round Rock-Georgetown MSA for the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS)
 - Map of 2022 O_3 and $PM_{2.5}$ Monitors in the MSA
 - Overview of the Air Quality Index (AQI)
 - 2022 AQI Days by Month and Monitor as of 3/31/22
 - High O₃ Days and Ozone Action Days (OADs) in March
 - PM_{2.5} and O₃ NAAQS Reconsideration Updates

O₃ and PM_{2.5} 2022 Monitoring Locations





Air Quality Index (AQI)

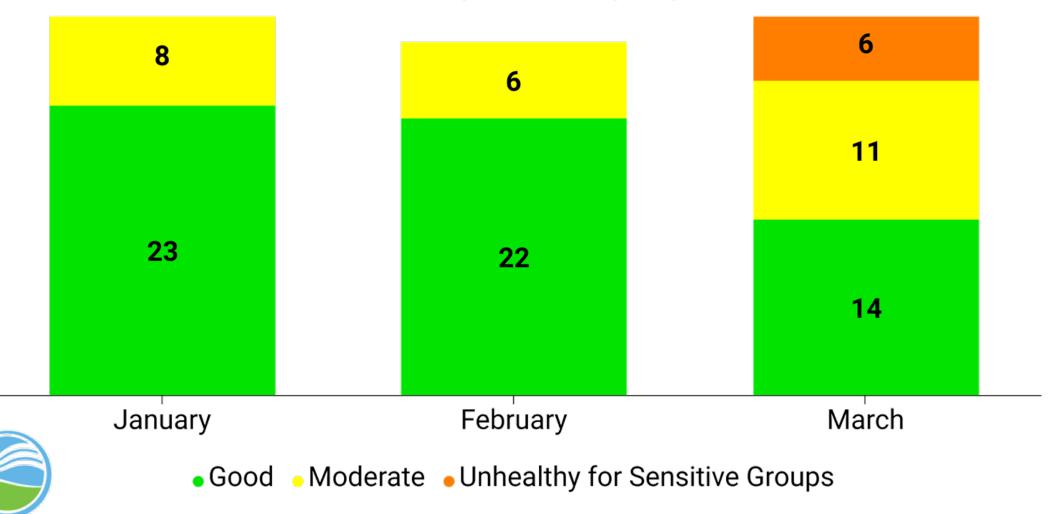
| Daily AQI Color | Levels of Concern | Values of Index | Description of Air Quality |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| Green | Good | 0 to 50 | Air quality is satisfactory, and air pollution poses little or no risk. |
| Yellow | Moderate | 51 to 100 | Air quality is acceptable. However, there may be a risk for some people, particularly those who are unusually sensitive to air pollution. |
| Orange | Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups | 101 to 150 | Members of sensitive groups may experience health effects. The general public is less likely to be affected. |
| Red | Unhealthy | 151 to 200 | Some members of the general public may experience health effects; members of sensitive groups may experience more serious health effects. |
| Purple | Very Unhealthy | 201 to 300 | Health alert: The risk of health effects is increased for everyone. |
| Maroon | Hazardous | 301 and higher | Health warning of emergency conditions: everyone is more likely to be affected. |

& Planning Region

2022 AQI Days by Month

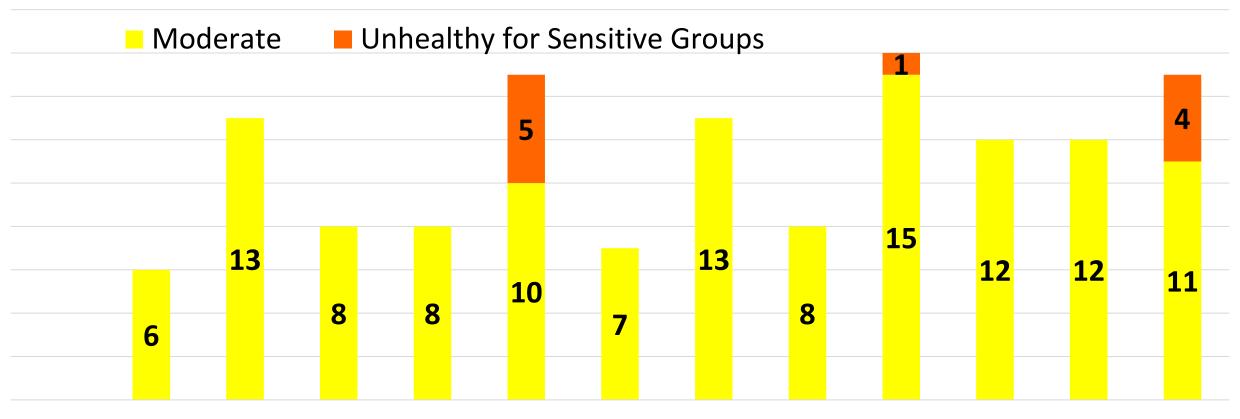


Austin Area Air Quality Index Days by Month, 2022



2022 Moderate or Worse AQI Days by Monitor





PM_{2.5}

High O₃ Days and Ozone Action Days in March

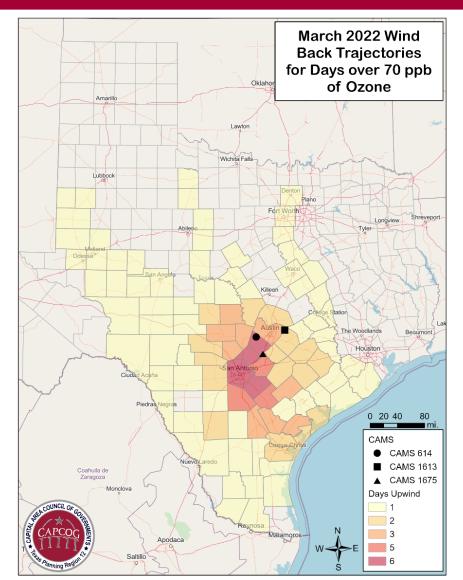


- The beginning of ozone season started out with a bang in March!
 - 6 days when O₃ levels exceeded 70 ppb or "unhealthy for sensitive groups" at CAPCOG monitors No TCEQ regulatory monitors measured such levels
- The TCEQ issued 2 OADs in March.
- On days when no OAD was issued, AQI forecast text indicated that "light winds, mild to warm temperatures, abundant afternoon sunshine, and/or elevated lingering background levels could be enough for ozone to reach the upper end of the 'Moderate' range or possibly higher in parts of the Austin area."

| Date | OAD Issued for this Date? | Peak 8-Hour O ₃ (ppb) | Peak O ₃ Monitor |
|-----------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 3/1/2022 | No | 75 | CAMS 614 (Dripping Springs) |
| 3/2/2022 | No | 83 | CAMS 614 (Dripping Springs) |
| 3/3/2022 | No | 75 | CAMS 614 (Dripping Springs) |
| 3/16/2022 | No | 72 | CAMS 1675 (San Marcos) |
| 3/19/2022 | Yes | 61 | CAMS 1613 (Elgin) |
| 3/25/2022 | Yes | 73 | CAMS 614 (Dripping Springs) |
| 3/26/2022 | No | 75 | CAMS 614 (Dripping Springs) |

High O₃ Days and Wind Patterns





- In March, there were many wildfires around the state.
 - Wind patterns on high O₃ days may have passed over wildfire areas which can carry O₃ and O₃ precursors (NO_X and VOCs) into the region.
- Additionally, on high O₃ days, wind blew into the region from major metro areas such as <u>San Antonio</u>, Dallas, and Houston.
- While there probably was some degree of local O₃ formation due to ideal O₃ -formation weather, high O₃ levels also can be attributed to statewide wildfire activity and O₃ transport from other large cities.

PM_{2.5} NAAQS Reconsideration



- On March 18th, the Clean Air Scientific Advisory Committee (CASAC) and CASAC PM Panel released their <u>Final CASAC Review of the EPA's Policy Assessment (PA) for the Reconsideration of the NAAQS</u> for PM.
- In the report, the CASAC makes the following recommendations regarding revising the PM NAAQS to EPA Administrator Regan.
 - "Regarding the annual PM_{2.5} standard, all CASAC members agree that the <u>current level of the</u> annual standard is not sufficiently protective of public health and should be lowered."
 - "The majority of CASAC members find that an annual average in the range of 8-10 μg/m³ would be appropriate."
 - "A minority of CASAC members find that a range of 10-11 μg/m³ would be appropriate."
 - The unofficial 2019-2021 annual PM_{2.5} design value for the Austin area is 9.5 μ g/m³!
 - "Regarding the **24-hour PM_{2.5}** standard, the majority of CASAC members find that the <u>available</u> evidence calls into question the adequacy of the current 24-hour standard" with a revision in the range of 25-30 μ g/m³.

$PM_{2.5} \ NAAQS \ Reconsideration \ Timeline$ $_{\underline{\text{https://casac.epa.gov/ords/sab/f?p=113:19:14538376097957:::19:P19}} \ \underline{\text{ID:961}}$

| Key Milestones in the PM NAAQS Reconsideration | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Date | EPA | CASAC and Public Review | | | | |
| June 2021 | Announcement of Reconsideration | | | | | |
| September 30, 2021 | Release of Draft PM ISA Supplement | Comment period closes November 29 | | | | |
| October 8, 2021 | Release of Draft PA | Comment period closes December 14 | | | | |
| October 14, 2021 | | CASAC Public Meeting: Overview of Reconsideration and Draft PM ISA Supplement and Draft PA | | | | |
| November 17-19 and | | CASAC Meeting to Review the Draft PM ISA | | | | |
| December 1-2, 2021 | | Supplement and Draft PA | | | | |
| Winter 2022 | | CASAC Follow-up Meeting | | | | |
| vvinter 2022 | | Final CASAC Letters | | | | |
| Cpring 2022 | Final PM ISA Supplement | את הקבל עול לקבל על התקלות התקלות התקלות התקלות הקבל להתקלות הקבל עול עול הקבל עול הקבל עול הקבל עול עול הקבל עול הקבל עול עול הקבל עול הקבל עול הקבל עול הקבל עול הקבל עול עול עול את הקבל עול עול עול עול עול את הקבל עול עול עול עול עול עול עול את הקבל עול עול עול עול עול עול עול עול עול עו | | | | |
| Spring 2022 | Final PA | בת לכל התל התל התל התל התל התל התל התל התל הת | | | | |
| Summer 2022 | Proposed decision | Public comment period and public hearings | | | | |
| Early 2023 | Final decision | | | | | |

O₃ NAAQS Reconsideration



- On Nov. 1st, EPA announced its decision to reconsider the previous administration's decision to retain 2015 O₃ NAAQS.
 - EPA is targeting the end of 2023 to complete this reconsideration.
- The CASAC's 2014 review of EPA's draft policy assessment advised for a O_3 NAAQS "lower than 70 ppb within a range down to 60 ppb."
- In the 2020 Review, the CASAC:
 - Concluded that EPA's scientific assessment lacked evidence to understand changes in exposure to health impacts.
 - Was split on whether the assessment supported leaving the O_3 NAAQS at 70 ppb or tightening the NAAQS.
- Currently, a CASAC O₃ Panel is being formed to review the policy relevant science.
- The unofficial 2019-2021 O₃ design value for the Austin area is 63 ppb.

Thank You



Capital Area Council of Governments

www.capcog.org

Christiane Heggelund (nee Alepuz)

Regional Planning and Services Program Coordinator

512-916-6005

calepuz@capcog.org